Micromobility Safety Tips

People in cities and on college campuses across the U.S. have taken more than 300 million trips on pedal and electric powered bicycles and scooters over the past decade. These small, lightweight and partially or fully motorized personal transportation devices or PTDs are part of a new mode of transportation called micromobility. You may own a PTD or ridden one or seen other people doing so as part of a shared fleet. Whether you ride a PTD or share the road or sidewalk with people who do, GHSA and State Farm® offer these tips to help keep you and others safe:

Learn to ride. Before your first trip, review the PTD operating instructions in your owner’s manual or on the app on your phone. It’s likely, the app also includes safety tips and local rules, so review those, too. If available, take advantage of free hands-on training offered by local shared fleet programs and providers.

Be visible. Don’t assume motorists can see you. Wear bright, reflective clothing especially at night and in inclement weather and ride on well-lit streets and pathways whenever possible.

Protect your head. Helmets may be required, so check out local laws. Even if they aren’t, a helmet can help prevent serious head injury in the event of a fall or crash.

Know where you can ride. Some communities have no riding zones or restrictions on sidewalk riding during certain times of the day or if there are adjacent, dedicated bike lanes. Before riding, read up on local rules via your town’s website or the PTD provider’s app. Once on the road, be on the lookout for and comply with all signs. You may also receive no riding or other alerts via your cellphone.

Abide by the rules of the road and sidewalk.
PTD operators must follow the same traffic laws as motor vehicles do on roads. Whether riding on a road or sidewalk, obey all signs and signals, slow down for and yield to pedestrians and respect the right of way.

Ride solo and never with children.
PTDs are designed for use by one rider at a time. The American Academy of Pediatrics also recommends that children under 16 not ride on or operate a PTD. These devices, however, are easily accessible to
minors – they can sign up via an app without parental consent – so check your child’s phone and make sure they know the rules and your expectations.

**Watch out for poor road conditions.** Potholes, manhole covers, grates, gravel, cracks and rough, wet or icy pavement can make for an uncomfortable and unsafe ride. Many PTD injuries are the result of these conditions. Be on the lookout for and avoid staring at these hazards (e-scooters tend to go where you’re looking!) and find a safe way to navigate around them.

**Ride fully alert.** Alcohol and other drugs as well as headphones and mobile devices can impact your judgement, reaction time and decision making, which are critical for safely operating a PTD.

**Park smart.** Dockless bikes and scooters can be left anywhere, but they should always be parked upright and never block the right of way. Use designated PTD parking places (corrals) if available or park in the furniture zone – the first five feet of the curb, where there are typically benches or trees – placing one wheel on the curb and the other in the street.

For more information on micromobility, check out the new GHSA report, which is funded by State Farm®, *Understanding and Tackling Micromobility: Transportation’s New Disruptor*, at [www.ghsa.org](http://www.ghsa.org).